

**Amendments to the Claims:**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Original)                    A honeycomb structure comprising:

                                  a plurality of honeycomb segments partitioned by partition walls and having a plurality of circulation holes penetrating in one axial direction; and

                                  a bonding layer existing between the adjacent honeycomb segments for bonding the plurality of honeycomb segments,

                                  wherein the bonding layer is formed by use of a bonding material including oxide fibers which satisfy the following relational expression (1),

$$0.5 \leq L \times (W / D) / 100 \leq 8 \quad (1)$$

in which L is an average length ( $\mu\text{m}$ ) of the oxide fibers in a longitudinal direction, D is specific gravity ( $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$ ) of the oxide fibers, and W is mass percentage of content (% by mass) of the oxide fibers in the entire bonding material.

2. (Original)                    A honeycomb structure comprising:

                                  a plurality of honeycomb segments partitioned by partition walls and having a plurality of circulation holes penetrating in one axial direction; and

                                  a bonding layer existing between the adjacent honeycomb segments for bonding the plurality of honeycomb segments,

                                  wherein the bonding layer includes oxide fibers which satisfy the following relational expression (2),

$$0.6 \leq L \times (W / D) / 100 \leq 11 \quad (2)$$

in which L is an average length ( $\mu\text{m}$ ) of the oxide fibers in a longitudinal direction, D is specific gravity ( $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$ ) of the oxide fibers, and W is mass percentage of content (%) by mass of the oxide fibers in the bonding layer.

3. (Currently Amended) A honeycomb structure according to claim 1 or ~~claim 2~~,  
wherein the average length L in the longitudinal direction of the oxide fibers is set in a range from 10 to 100  $\mu\text{m}$ , and  
an average diameter d in a cross-section perpendicular to the longitudinal direction is set in a range from 1 to 20  $\mu\text{m}$ .

4. (Currently Amended) A honeycomb structure according to ~~any one of claim 1 through claim 3~~claim 1,  
wherein mass percentage of the oxide fibers having a shape defined as  $0.5 \leq (\text{a diameter of a cross section perpendicular to the longitudinal direction}) / (\text{a length in the longitudinal direction}) \leq 1$  is set equal to or below 50% by mass in the oxide fibers, and the W is set in a range from 10% to 50% by mass.

5. (Original) A honeycomb structure according to claim 4,  
wherein the mass percentage of the oxide fibers having the shape defined as  $0.5 \leq (\text{the diameter of the cross section perpendicular to the longitudinal direction}) / (\text{the length in the longitudinal direction}) \leq 1$  is set equal to or below 10% by mass.

6. (Currently Amended) A honeycomb structure according to ~~any one of claim 1 through claim 5~~claim 1,  
wherein the bonding material comprises:  
inorganic particles; and  
a colloidal oxide.

7. (Currently Amended) A honeycomb structure according to ~~any one of claim 1 through claim 6~~claim 1,

wherein heat conductivity of the bonding layer is set in a range from 0.1 to 5 W/m·K.

8. (Currently Amended) A honeycomb structure according to ~~any one of claim 1 through claim 7~~claim 1,

wherein the honeycomb segment comprises any of silicon carbide and a silicon-silicon carbide compound material as a main ingredient.

9. (Original) A method of manufacturing a honeycomb structure comprising the steps of:

forming a plurality of honeycomb segments partitioned by partition walls and having a plurality of circulation holes penetrating in one axial direction; and

bonding the plurality of honeycomb segments by use of a bonding material including oxide fibers which satisfy the following relational expression (1),

$$0.5 \leq L \times (W / D) / 100 \leq 8 \quad (1)$$

in which L is an average length ( $\mu\text{m}$ ) of the oxide fibers in a longitudinal direction, D is specific gravity ( $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$ ) of the oxide fibers, and W is mass percentage of content (%) by mass of the oxide fibers in the entire bonding material.

10. (New) A honeycomb structure according to claim 2,

wherein the average length L in the longitudinal direction of the oxide fibers is set in a range from 10 to 100  $\mu\text{m}$ , and

an average diameter d in a cross-section perpendicular to the longitudinal direction is set in a range from 1 to 20  $\mu\text{m}$ .

11. (New) A honeycomb structure according to claim 2,  
wherein mass percentage of the oxide fibers having a shape defined as  $0.5 \leq (a$   
diameter of a cross section perpendicular to the longitudinal direction) / (a length in the  
longitudinal direction)  $\leq 1$  is set equal to or below 50% by mass in the oxide fibers, and  
the W is set in a range from 10% to 50% by mass.

12. (New) A honeycomb structure according to claim 2,  
wherein the bonding material comprises:  
inorganic particles; and  
a colloidal oxide.

13. (New) A honeycomb structure according to claim 2,  
wherein heat conductivity of the bonding layer is set in a range from 0.1 to 5 W/m·K.

14. (New) A honeycomb structure according to claim 2,  
wherein the honeycomb segment comprises any of silicon carbide and a silicon-silicon  
carbide compound material as a main ingredient.